## PAKISTAN



Quantum Index of Manufacturing


Source: PBS, Foundation Research, Jan 2022

| Sector | Weight | Nov-21 | Nov-20 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Textile | $20.9 \%$ | $1.0 \%$ | $3.2 \%$ |
| Food, Beverages \& Tobacco | $12.4 \%$ | $-7.8 \%$ | $59.3 \%$ |
| Coke \& Petroleum Products | $5.5 \%$ | $-5.5 \%$ | $0.7 \%$ |
| Iron \& Steel Products | $5.4 \%$ | $30.2 \%$ | $3.4 \%$ |
| Non Metallic Mineral Products | $5.4 \%$ | $8.3 \%$ | $12.0 \%$ |
| Automobiles | $4.6 \%$ | $20.3 \%$ | $44.7 \%$ |
| Fertilizers | $4.4 \%$ | $-3.7 \%$ | $9.2 \%$ |
| Pharmaceuticals | $3.6 \%$ | $-17.0 \%$ | $7.7 \%$ |
| Paper \& Board | $2.3 \%$ | $5.0 \%$ | $-2.7 \%$ |
| Electronics | $2.0 \%$ | $-10.1 \%$ | $2.4 \%$ |
| Chemicals | $1.7 \%$ | $14.2 \%$ | $9.0 \%$ |
| Leather Products | $0.9 \%$ | $-1.2 \%$ | $-40.7 \%$ |
| Wood Products | $0.6 \%$ | $385.4 \%$ | $-55.0 \%$ |
| Engineering Products | $0.4 \%$ | $3.9 \%$ | $-27.1 \%$ |
| Rubber Products | $0.3 \%$ | $-27.3 \%$ | $7.3 \%$ |
|  |  | $0.3 \%$ |  |

Source: PBS, Foundation Research, Jan 2022

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# Large Scale Manufacturing Growth momentum slowing 

LSM grows by 0.3\% YoY in Nov'21

- LSM witnessed growth of $0.3 \%$ YoY (up $1.9 \%$ MoM) during Nov'21 as the growth momentum seems to be slowing amid moderating domestic demand. Thus restricting 5MFY22 growth to $3.3 \%$ YoY. During Nov'21, MOI index grew by $3.5 \%$ YoY while OCAC/BOS index fell by $5.5 / 6.4 \%$ YoY. Sectors which continued to power ahead YoY were Textile ( $\uparrow 1.0 \%$ ), Iron \& Steel ( $\uparrow 30.2 \%$ ), Non Metallic Minerals ( $\uparrow 8.3 \%$ ), Autos ( $\uparrow 20.3 \%$ ), Paper \& Board ( $\uparrow 5.0 \%$ ), Chemicals ( $\uparrow 14.2 \%$ ), Wood ( $\uparrow 385.4 \%$ ) and Engineering ( $\uparrow 3.9 \%$ ). Whereas YoY decline was observed in Food Beverage \& Tobacco ( $\downarrow 7.8 \%$ ), Coke \& Petroleum ( $\downarrow 5.5 \%$ ), Fertilizers ( $\downarrow 3.7 \%$ ), Pharmaceuticals ( $\downarrow 17.0 \%$ ), Electronics ( $\downarrow 10.1 \%$ ), Leather ( $\downarrow 1.2 \%$ ), and Rubber ( $\downarrow 27.3 \%$ ).
- Pakistan Bureau of Statistics has also undertaken rebasing of the Quantum Index of Large Scale Manufacturing from 2005-06 to 2015-16. However, it has released the Nov'21 LSM index on the old base only. In the rebased index, PBS has increased the cumulative weight from $70.3 \%$ to $78.4 \%$ and increased number of items from 112 to 123 (see Table 1, 2 and 3 below). This allows for addition of items due to advancement in technology and removal of items which have become obsolete.


## Automobiles and Textile showed growth

- Autos registered growth of $20.3 \%$ YoY on the back of $21.0 / 45.6 / 44.3 / 22.8 \%$ YoY growth in Tractors/Trucks/Jeeps and Cars/LCV. Whereas, Buses/Motorcycles dragged by 39.7/4.6\% YoY. Going forward, the sector is expected to come under pressure as interest rate hikes and recent price increases would dissipate growth for autos.
- Textile sector registered growth of $1.0 \%$ YoY. Looking ahead, we are optimistic as export markets are projected to continue growing despite COVID resurgence along with strong demand for Pakistani textiles given recent currency depreciation.


## Iron/Steel, Non Metallic Minerals and Chemicals also increased

- Iron and Steel grew by $30.2 \%$ YoY given that billets/ingots inclined by $52.5 \%$ YoY and HRC/CRC were up by $5.2 \%$ YoY.
- NMM rose by $8.3 \%$ YoY due to $6.9 \%$ YoY increase in cement production as dispatches increased/decreased by 10.2/9.2\% YoY in domestic/export markets. Chemicals witnessed increase of $14.2 \%$ YoY due to $7.1 / 35.0 / 89.5 / 8.9 \%$ YoY incline in paints \& varnishes (s)/hydrochloric acid/sulphuric acid/chlorine.


## FBT, Petroleum and Pharma declined

- FBT declined by $7.8 \%$ YoY due to $0.1 / 2.9 / 11.1 / 0.7 \%$ YoY decline in vegetable ghee/cooking oil/wheat and grain milling/juices, syrups \& squash. Whereas tea blended/starch/soft drinks inclined by 0.2/5.4/1.6\% YoY.
- Coke and Petroleum decreased by $5.5 \%$ YoY as MS/HSD/furnace oil were down by 4.1/10.2/18.7\% YoY given lower run rate of refineries. Pharmaceuticals declined by $17.0 \%$ YoY given that tablets/capsules/injections declined by 23.9/40.6/44.3\% YoY. Whereas syrups/ointments/tincture increased by 3.4/1.5/33.3\% YoY.


## Outlook

- We expect LSM growth would remain muted in FY22 on the back of moderating economic growth given (1) global supply chain snarls causing higher domestic and global inflation, (2) prolongation of high int'l oil/commodity prices, (3) higher Rs-US\$ depreciation and (4) curtailment of gas to industry during the winter months.

Fig 01: Monthly OCAC Index and YoY Growth Rate


Source: PBS, Foundation Research, Jan 2022

Fig 03: Monthly BOS Index and YoY Growth Rate


Source: PBS, Foundation Research, Jan 2022

Fig 02: Monthly MOI Index and YoY Growth Rate


Source: PBS, Foundation Research, Jan 2022

Fig 04: Growth rate of various sectors during Nov'21


Source: PBS, Foundation Research, Jan 2022

Table 1: Annual Growth rates of Quantum Index of Manufacturing
\(\left.\begin{array}{lcc}\hline \& Base year 2005-06 \& Base year 2015-16 <br>

Growth\end{array}\right]\)| Growth | $4.2 \%$ |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| FY17 | $5.8 \%$ | $7.0 \%$ |
| FY18 | $5.3 \%$ | $3.4 \%$ |
| FY19 | $(2.3) \%$ | $(11.1) \%$ |
| FY21 | $(9.8) \%$ | $11.3 \%$ |

Source: PBS, Foundation Research January 2022

Table 2: Source wise composition of weights

|  | QIM 2005-06 |  | QIM 2015-16 |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No of Items | Weight (\%) | No of Items | Weight (\%) |
| Ministry of Industries \& Production | 36 | 49.56 | 36 | 40.54 |
| Oil Companies Advisory Council | 11 | 5.41 | 11 | 6.66 |
| Provincial Bureaus of Statistics | 65 | 15.37 | 76 | 31.17 |
| All | 112 | 70.33 | 123 | 78.37 |

Source: PBS, Foundation Research January 2022

Table 3: Comparison of weights of Major Industrial Groups for 2005-06 and 2015-16

| Major Groups | No of items |  | Weights |  | Change in Weight (ppt) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2005-06 | 2015-16 | 2005-06 | 2015-16 |  |
| Food products | 12 | 10 | 12.4\% | 10.7\% | 4.3* |
| Beverages |  | 6 |  | 3.8\% |  |
| Tobacco products |  | 1 |  | 2.1\% |  |
| Textiles | 11 | 12 | 20.9\% | 18.2\% | (2.7) |
| Wearing apparel | 0 | 1 | - | 6.1\% | 6.1 |
| Leather and related products | 3 | 3 | 0.9\% | 1.2\% | 0.3 |
| Wood and wood products | 2 | 2 | 0.6\% | 0.2\% | (0.4) |
| Paper and paper products | 4 | 5 | 2.3\% | 1.6\% | (0.7) |
| Coke and refined petroleum products | 12 | 12 | 5.5\% | 6.7\% | 1.2 |
| Chemicals and chemical products | - | 19 | 6.2\% | 6.5\% | 0.3 |
| Chemicals | 12 | 12 | 1.7\% | 2.5\% | 0.8 |
| Fertilizers | 7 | 7 | 4.4\% | 3.9\% | (0.5) |
| Pharmaceuticals products | 6 | 6 | 3.6\% | 5.2\% | 1.6 |
| Rubber and plastics products | 4 | 4 | 0.3\% | 0.2\% | (0.1) |
| Other non-metallic mineral products | 2 | 2 | 5.4\% | 5.0\% | (0.4) |
| Basic metals | 5 | 5 | 5.4\% | 3.4\% | (2.0) |
| Fabricated metal products | - | 3 | - | 0.4\% | 0.4 |
| Computer, electronic \& optical products | - | 1 | - | 0.0\% | 0.0 |
| Electric equipment | 13 | 12 | 2.0\% | 2.0\% | 0.0 |
| Machinery and equipment n.e.c. | 12 | 9 | 0.4\% | 0.4\% | 0.0 |
| Motor vehicles, trailers etc. | 7 | 6 | 4.6\% | 3.1\% | (1.5) |
| Other transport equipment | - | 2 | - | 0.7\% | 0.7 |
| Furniture | - | 1 | - | 0.5\% | 0.5 |
| Other manufacturing | - | 1 | - | 0.3\% | 0.3 |
| Total | 112 | 123 | 70.3\% | 78.4\% | 8.1 |

[^0]Abbreviations<br>OCAC Oil companies advisory committee<br>MOI Ministry of Industries<br>BOS Bureaus of statistics<br>FBT Food Beverages and Tobacco<br>NMM Non Metallic Mineral Products<br>MoM Month on Month<br>YoY Year on Year<br>MS Motor Spirit<br>HSD High Speed Diesel<br>FO Furnace Oil<br>FY Fiscal year<br>PCs Passenger Cars<br>LCVs Light Commercial Vehicle<br>RLNG Re-Liquefied Natural Gas<br>LNG Liquefied Natural Gas<br>Gov't Government

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## Recommendations definitions

 IfExpected return >+10\%
Expected return from $-10 \%$ to $+10 \%$
Expected return <-10\%

Outperform.
Neutral.
Underperform.


[^0]:    Source: PBS, Foundation Research January 2022
    *Combined Food, Beverage and Tobacco

